A rare case of multiple digital infarcts in a patient with *Mycobacterium avium*-intracellulare (MAI) infection

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DESCRIPTION

Granulomatosis with polyangitis (GPA) is an antineutrophil cytoplasmic antibodies (ANCA)-associated vasculitis that affects small-sized to medium-sized arteries, and usually involves the upper and lower respiratory tract, and kidneys. Digital gangrene can be an unusual feature of GPA. Pulmonary involvement can be in the form of multifocal or solitary lung lesions. This case describes a patient with ANCA-positive vasculitis, presenting with digital gangrene and cavitary lung lesions, along with a concomitant *Mycobacterium avium*-intracellulare (MAI) infection, in the absence of renal involvement.

A 59-year-old Caucasian woman presented with blackish discolouration of the fingertips on the right hand that started 3 weeks earlier (figure 1). She first noticed pallor, followed by erythema, cyanotic discolouration, and finally, dry gangrenous transformation of the fingertips. She denied any history of sinusitis, nasal discharge, cough, haemoptysis, or haematuria. Physical examination was remarkable for digital gangrene in multiple digits in the upper lung fields anteriorly. Laboratory work showed ANCA c (+), anti-nuclear antibodies (−), double-stranded DNA (−), anti-ribonuclear protein (−), cold agglutinins (−), + rheumatoid factor, high C3 and an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate. Chest X-ray and CT scan showed bilateral cavitary lung lesions involving the upper lobes (figure 2). The patient was initially started on empiric broad-spectrum antibiotics for cavitary pneumonia.

The patient’s laboratory work also showed acid-fast bacilli ×2 (+) for *M. avium* complex (MAC) and bronchoscopy with bronchoalveolar lavage (BAL) showed (+) cultures for MAC. These findings, along with the cavitary lesions seen on the chest X-ray, were thought to be 2/2 MAI infections. Rifabutin, ethambutol and azithromycin were started as therapy for MAI. The patient received treatment with macrolides for 12 months. She was followed with repeat chest X-rays at 6 and 12 months, with improvement in the cavitary lesions. The digital gangrene, calcium channel blockers, antiplatelet agents and heparin were used. Additional laboratory results were positive for cytoplasmic ANCA (c-ANCA) (1:40).

CT of the chest showed bilateral cavitary lesions in the lungs involving the upper lobes, bilateral peribronchial opacities in lower lobes and no lymphadenopathy. This imaging, when correlated with clinical and laboratory work findings, was deemed consistent with GPA, and therapy with rituximab and high-dose methyl prednisone was initiated while inpatient, followed by outpatient rituximab infusions and prednisone taper. CT surgery was consulted and felt that biopsy of the cavitary areas would be very risky for bronchopleural fistula. So lung wedge biopsy was not performed, as no change in management was expected based on the biopsy findings. The patient underwent partial digit amputation of bilateral hand fingertips 2–4 digits.

Differential diagnosis for digital infarcts include primary vasculitis such as GPA, collagen vascular diseases such as lupus/scleroderma, leading to secondary vasculitis, septic embolism from acute bacterial endocarditis, cholesterol embolism, and hyperviscosity syndromes such as polycythaemia and Buerger’s disease. GPA is more frequent in older adults and...
Caucasians. Initial presentation usually includes fever, migratory arthralgias, malaise, anorexia and weight loss. It usually involves upper airways (sinusitis, otitis media, purulent nasal discharge), lower airways (cough, wheezing, consolidation), kidneys (asymptomatic haematuria, kidney injury) and skin (leukocytoclastic angiitis). c-ANCA is an immunological marker of GPA and biopsy of the lung or kidney is not essential for diagnosis or initiation of therapy. IV cyclophosphamide or rituximab and high-dose corticosteroids are used to induce remission. MAI infection has been associated with c-ANCA vasculitis.

Competing interests None declared.
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REFERENCES

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