Bilateral protrusio acetabuli of the hip

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**DESCRIPTION**
A 65-year-old woman presented with a 20-year history of seropositive rheumatoid polyarthritis. Her disease had destroyed most of her major joints of the body, including both knees, hips, elbows, wrists, finger joints, spine and joints of the feet. She had undergone a successful bilateral total knee replacement surgery 7 years ago.

For the past 2 years, she had been having difficulty in standing and walking with ‘noises’ coming from both hip joints. An X-ray of the pelvis (anteroposterior view) showed severe bilateral hip arthritis (figure 1) with migration of the femoral head (R>L) into the pelvis (protrusio acetabuli). She had undergone a bilateral simultaneous total hip replacement surgery (figure 2) 6 months ago. The surgery was performed as a single-stage procedure using hybrid hip prosthesis on both sides, where a cemented femoral stem (Exeter stem) and an uncemented cup were used with impaction bone grafting of the acetabulum. She is now pain free and is able to walk and stand comfortably.

Protrusio acetabuli is a condition of the hip where there is medial displacement of the femoral head into the pelvis and the medial aspect of the femoral head lies medial to the ilioischial line.1 Protrusio acetabuli could be primary or secondary. Bilateral condition could be found in conditions such as rheumatoid arthritis, Paget’s disease, ankylosing spondylitis, Marfan’s syndrome and osteomalacia. The joint replacement surgery is usually necessary in cases of severe pain or substantial joint restriction owing to secondary hip arthritis.2 3

**Learning points**
- Rheumatoid arthritis can present with bilateral protrusio acetabuli of the hip.
- Severe bilateral hip arthritis can be treated effectively by a simultaneous total hip replacement surgery.
- Protrusio acetabuli is a condition where there is medial migration of the femoral head into the pelvis.

**Competing interests** None.

**Patient consent** Obtained.

**Provenance and peer review** Not commissioned; externally peer reviewed.

**REFERENCES**