Isolated oculomotor nerve palsy due to common carotid artery occlusion

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DESCRIPTION

Oculomotor nerve palsy as the only manifestation of ipsilateral common carotid artery occlusion is rare.1–3 A 31-year-old man had history of nasopharyngeal carcinoma with radiation therapy performed when he was at the age of 14. He developed diplopia during work. He denied any weakness, headache or change in mental status. His blood pressure was normal on admission. The physical examination found right partial ptosis with limitation in elevation, adduction and depression. The right pupil was dilated and non-reactive (figure 1). Other cranial nerves were normal. The limb power was full. The blood tests showed a normal full blood count and clotting profile. Brain MRI showed thrombosis and occlusion of right internal carotid artery (ICA) (figure 2) and no cerebral infarct was seen. A standard cerebral catheter angiogram showed complete obliteration of right common carotid artery at its origin with a residual stump (figure 2) and no arterial dissection was found.

The oculomotor nerve is fed by small arteries arising from the basilar artery, posterior communicating artery, thalamoperforating arteries from the posterior cerebral artery, the cavernous portion of the ICA and the ophthalmic artery.4 The oculomotor nerve palsy in our patient was likely caused by ischaemia due to impairment of blood supply from the cavernous portion of the ICA. The lack of other neurological deficits could be related to adequacy of the collateral blood supply. Patients who received neck irradiation for nasopharyngeal carcinoma are at risk for the delayed development of diffused atherosclerosis and carotid occlusion, the mechanism remains elusive and probably multifactorial.5

Figure 1 Right oculomotor nerve palsy. Physical examination found right partial ptosis with limitation in elevation, adduction and depression. The right pupil was dilated and non-reactive.
Learning points

▸ Isolated oculomotor nerve palsy can be the only manifestation of common carotid artery occlusion.
▸ Patients who received neck irradiation for nasopharyngeal carcinoma are at risk for the delayed development of diffused atherosclerosis and carotid occlusion.

Competing interests None.
Patient consent Obtained.
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REFERENCES