Intra-articular entrapment of an avulsed common peroneal nerve following atypical knee fracture-dislocation

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DESCRIPTION
A man in his early 30s presented with an atypical fracture-dislocation of his left knee as a result of being ankle tapped while running. He sustained a Moore type 2 knee fracture-dislocation consisting of a posteromedial tibial plateau fracture that extended across to the lateral plateau articular surface and a severe posterolateral corner (PLC) injury, in addition to a common peroneal nerve (CPN) palsy. Both the anterior cruciate ligament (ACL) and posterior cruciate ligament (PCL) were intact. Initial management consisted of a manipulation under anaesthesia and casting in theatre to achieve satisfactory reduction until the soft tissues were suitable to proceed with definitive management.

The patient was subsequently taken to theatre for fixation of his posteromedial tibial plateau fracture, PLC reconstruction and exploration of the CPN. Intraoperative findings included avulsion of the lateral collateral ligament and biceps femoris tendon off the fibular head and complete disruption of the anterolateral capsule off the proximal tibia. The femoral insertion of the popliteus tendon was intact; however, there was a complete tear through the muscle belly with tendon and muscle incarcerated in the tibial plateau fracture. We were unable to identify the CPN proximally above the knee as per our usual surgical technique. The CPN was identified at the level of fibular neck and could be visualised tracking into the lateral compartment of the knee joint (figure 1). Following fracture fixation and PLC reconstruction the local plastic surgery service performed an end to side anastomosis of the proximal CPN to its avulsion site from the sciatic nerve.

A specialist musculoskeletal radiologist opinion of the post-manipulation MRI demonstrated the pathology seen at the time of definitive surgery, including a striated linear structure recognised as the peroneal nerve which was displaced and trapped in the lateral compartment of the knee beneath the meniscus (figure 2). The incidence of CPN palsy following PLC injury is approximately 25%. Complete nerve discontinuity is, however, only seen in 5% to 7% of cases. All cases of complete nerve transection were associated with multiligamentous injuries involving ACL, PCL and PLC ruptures. Traumatic intra-articular peroneal nerve entrapment has only been described
Images in...

in the literature once before\(^3\) in a case with combined ACL/PCL/PLC rupture without an associated fracture. Our case is unique given the preservation of the cruciate ligaments as well as being the first published case to show corresponding MRI and open surgical findings. Identifying abnormality of neural structures on MRI in the setting of trauma can help guide both the timing and technique of surgical intervention as well as alerting the treating team in advance that the services of a surgeon with the ability to repair or reconstruct peripheral nerves will be required.

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Contributors FS performed the surgery and was assisted by FRP and KM. DB reviewed the imaging. FRP, KM, DB and FS contributed to the conception and design. FRP and DB acquired the data. FRP, KM, DB and FS all contributed to the analysis of the data. FRP drafted the article and FRP, KM, DB and FS revised it critically for important intellectual content. All authors have given final approval of the version published and agree to be accountable for the article and to ensure that all questions regarding the accuracy or integrity of the article are investigated and resolved.

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